NOTICE OF MEETING

COMMITTEE:PLANNING & DEVELOPMENTDATE:JULY 15, 2015PLACE:WOODRUFF TOWN HALL, 1418 1ST AVENUE, WOODRUFF, WITIME:6:00 P.M. PUBLIC HEARING

ALL AGENDA ITEMS ASSUMED TO BE DISCUSSION / DECISION

- 1. Call to order.
- 2. Approve the agenda.

CONDUCT PUBLIC HEARING ON THE FOLLOWING:

3. <u>Ordinance Amendment #6-2015</u> authored by the Planning and Development Committee to amend Section 9.94, OHWM Setbacks and Special Zoning Permission for Structures in Shoreland Setback, of the Oneida County Zoning and Shoreland Protection Ordinance as follows:

Additions noted by underline; Deletions noted by strikethrough

- 9.94 A. OHWM Setbacks
 - 2. Exceptions to the 75-foot setback from the OHWM of a navigable water body. See Appendices C through G for illustrative purposes only. The text in this section shall be controlling and will supersede the appendices if there are any conflicting interpretations.
 - d. Boathouse. A riparian owner may construct a boathouse subject to the following restrictions:
 - (1) One boathouse is permitted in the first 100 feet of shoreline. In any additional increment of 100 feet of shoreline, a boathouse may be permitted only upon the issuance of a conditional use permit.
 - (2) The construction of a boathouse is confined to the viewing area <u>and shall be at least</u> <u>10 feet from the side yard lot line</u>.
 - (3) No part of any boathouse shall extend into the lake or stream beyond the OHWM.
 - (4) Any boathouse which may be permitted within the setback area shall be of one story only.
 - (5) A boathouse shall not exceed a total height of twelve (12) feet.
 - (6) A boathouse shall not be constructed on slopes 20% or greater.
 - (7) The maximum width of a boathouse parallel to the OHWM shall not exceed 20 feet. The overhang and eaves shall not exceed two feet. The maximum length of a boathouse landward and away from the OHWM shall not exceed 36 feet.
 - (8) A boathouse shall have a pitched roof with a minimum pitch of 2.3 to 12.
 - (8) Flat roofs that shed water away from the OHWM are permitted. Decks and patios are NOT permitted.
 - (9) Decks, platforms, & other construction not essential for berthing of boats are prohibited.
 - (10)A boathouse shall contain no plumbing.
 - (11)A boathouse shall contain no living facilities.
 - (12)A boathouse cannot be constructed if the riparian landowner has a permanent boat shelter.
 - (13)The number of berths within a boathouse shall be subject to the provisions of section 9.98(D).
 - (14)A boathouse cannot be constructed if the riparian landowner has an existing "wet" boathouse extending over a navigable waterway.

<u>Ordinance Amendment #7-2015</u> authored by the Planning and Development Committee to amend Section 9.98, Piers, Other Berth Structures, Shoreland Bulk Requirements, of the Oneida County Zoning and Shoreland Protection Ordinance as follows:

Additions noted by underline; Deletions noted by strikethrough

- 9.98 PIERS and OTHER BERTH STRUCTURES. SHORELAND BULK REQUIREMENTS (#83-2003, #12-2006)
 - A. Purpose

Near shorelands and waters and land within statutorily established setback distances from the OHWM provide natural beauty and are biologically the most productive and the most important for recreational use. Excessive or inappropriate construction of berthing and recreation structures in Oneida County's waterways may have a substantial cumulative adverse effect on public rights and interests in those waters. These requirements are intended to minimize the adverse effects of such construction and to reduce conflict between adjacent or nearby riparian owners by separating their respective uses of the water. A pier shall not unreasonably obstruct navigation or otherwise interfere with public rights in the navigable water and shall not interfere with the rights of other riparian owners. It is recognized that berth structures may be used by people with or without boats, for swimming and fishing and may be used for general recreation. This ordinance does not regulate the placement or use of mooring buoys other than to count them in any determination of the maximum number of berths allowed to a riparian land owner pursuant to section 9.98(D).

Option A: Strike Existing Language in 9.98(B)

- B. Compliance
 - 1. Berth structures constructed or replaced after the effective date of this ordinance which do not meet the requirements in section 9.98(D) are prohibited unless they have been issued a conditional use permit in accordance with the requirements identified for marina facilities in section 9.98(K).
 - 2. A berth structure which existed prior to the effective date of this ordinance may be maintained in its present location and configuration as a permissible pre-existing berth structure subject to the requirements of section 9.99 of this ordinance. The annual seasonal removal of a berth structure does not affect its status as a permissible pre-existing berth structure.
 - 3. Subject to the conditions and restrictions of any existing State or County permit, a berth structure or a marina which existed prior to the effective date of this ordinance may be maintained in its present location and configuration as a permissible berth structure or marina to the extent it is located and used in accordance with such permit and provided that within two years of the effective date of this ordinance a statement of record is filed with the County addressing all of the applicable provisions of sections 9.98(J) and (K).

Option A: Add New Language to 9.98(B)

- B. Compliance
 - <u>A berth structure which existed prior to April 17, 2012 may be maintained in its</u> present location and configuration as a permissible pre-existing berth structure subject to the requirements of Section 9.99 of this ordinance. The annual seasonal removal of the berth structure does not affect its status as a permissible pre-existing berth structure.

- 2. <u>Subject to the conditions and restrictions of any existing State or County permit, a</u> marina which existed prior to April 17, 2012 may be maintained in its present location and configuration as a permissible marina to the extent that it is located and used in accordance with such permit.
- 4. <u>3.</u> Any increase in the number of berths, any change in the location of, or any increase in the dimensions of, or any replacement of an existing berth structure shall be in accordance with this section. Boathouses are not subject to the dimensional restrictions of this section.

Option B: Keep Existing Language in 9.98(B)

- B. Compliance
 - 1. Berth structures constructed or replaced after the effective date of this ordinance which do not meet the requirements in section 9.98(D) are prohibited unless they have been issued a conditional use permit in accordance with the requirements identified for marina facilities in section 9.98(K).
 - 2. A berth structure which existed prior to the effective date of this ordinance may be maintained in its present location and configuration as a permissible pre-existing berth structure subject to the requirements of section 9.99 of this ordinance. The annual seasonal removal of a berth structure does not affect its status as a permissible pre-existing berth structure.
 - 3. Subject to the conditions and restrictions of any existing State or County permit, a berth structure or a marina which existed prior to the effective date of this ordinance may be maintained in its present location and configuration as a permissible berth structure or marina to the extent it is located and used in accordance with such permit and provided that within two years of the effective date of this ordinance a statement of record is filed with the County addressing all of the applicable provisions of sections 9.98(J) and (K).
 - 4. Any increase in the number of berths, any change in the location of, or any increase in the dimensions of, or any replacement of an existing berth structure shall be in accordance with this section. Boathouses are not subject to the dimensional restrictions of this section.
- C. Berth Structures Limited (#83-2003) No changes to this section.
- D. Number of Berths No changes to this section.

Option A: Keep without Changes. 9.98(E)

- E. Location of Berth Structures
 - 1. Berth structures and moored boats must be confined to the owner's riparian zone as described in Wis. Admin. Code NR 326. Berth structures must be set back a minimum of 10 feet from side lot lines extended waterward and any additional distance required to confine approach and docking of the boat to the owner's riparian zone.
 - 2. A berth structure may not unreasonably obstruct navigation or otherwise interfere with public rights in navigable waters. A pier may not encircle or isolate part of a waterway and may not interfere with the rights of other riparian owners.
 - 3. Berth structures and their use may not damage public interest in waterways, including but not limited to, ecologically significant areas, i.e. spawning areas, important vegetation, loon or other waterfowl nesting areas, natural shoreline beauty.
 - 4. Berth structures shall be consolidated as close together as practicable at a single location for each lot.

- 5. Berth structures, where practicable, shall be located immediately waterward from the shoreline where any boathouse or boat shelter is located.
- 6. The number of piers allowed accrues proportionately to the amount of shoreland frontage owned: one pier is permitted for riparian owners owning less than 150 feet of shoreland frontage. One additional pier is permitted for each additional 100 feet. Multiple piers shall be consolidated as close together as practicable for each lot.

Option B: Add/Remove Language as Follows in 9.98(E) & (F)

E. Location and Berth Structures

- 1. Berth structures and moored boats must be confined to the owner's riparian zone as described in Wis. Admin. Code NR 326. Berth structures must be set back a minimum of 10 feet from side lot lines extended waterward and any additional distance required to confine approach and docking of the boat to the owner's riparian zone.
- 2. A berth structure may not unreasonably obstruct navigation or otherwise interfere with public rights in navigable waters. A pier may not encircle or isolate part of a waterway and may not interfere with the rights of other riparian owners.
- 3. Berth structures and their use may not damage public interest in waterways, including but not limited to, ecologically significant areas, i.e. spawning areas, important vegetation, loon or other waterfowl nesting areas, natural shoreline beauty.
- 4. Berth structures shall be consolidated as close together as practicable at a single location for each lot. Located within the view corridor for each lot.
- 5. Berth structures, where practicable, shall be located immediately waterward from the shoreline where any boathouse or boat shelter is located. Located within the view corridor for each lot.
- 6. The number of piers allowed accrues proportionately to the amount of shoreland frontage owned: one pier is permitted for riparian owners owning less than 150 feet of shoreland frontage. One additional pier is permitted for each additional <u>full</u> 100 feet <u>of</u> or portion thereof, of the riparian owner's contiguous shoreland frontage. Multiple piers shall be consolidated as close together as practicable for each lot.
- F. Dimensional Requirements (#83-2003)
 - 1. Length
 - a. Unless limited by a pierhead line, as authorized by sec. 30.13, Wis. Stats., pier length is limited to:
 - (1) distance to three (3) foot water depth.
 - (2) length of boat to be berthed.
 - (3) depth required by boat to be berthed.
 - b. A pier which otherwise meets the requirements of section 9.98(F)(1)(a) above, but which is more than 50 feet in distance from the ordinary high water mark, requires a zoning permit which may be issued only after the following conditions have been established by the applicant:
 - (1) that the pier will not unreasonably obstruct navigation or otherwise interfere with public rights in the navigable water.
 - (2) that the pier does not interfere with the rights of other riparian owners.

Option A: Leave 9.98(F)2

2. Width. The deck width of a pier, including "T" or "L" or similar finger extensions, may not exceed six (6) feet. except upon the application for and issuance of a CUP for which the applicant demonstrates a need for a deck width of up to eight (8) feet because of the handicap of a frequent user.

3. Lateral extensions. Any lateral extensions on piers shall be a "T" or "L" shape and must not exceed 20 feet in total width.

Option B: Strike and Add Language to 9.98(F)(2), (H), (I) & (M)

- 2. Width. The deck width of a pier, including "T" or "L" or similar finger extensions, may not exceed six (6) feet. except upon the application for and issuance of a CUP for which the applicant demonstrates a need for Per Section 9.19, Relaxation of Standards for Persons with Disabilities, a deck width of up to eight (8) feet may be permitted because of the handicap of a frequent user.
- 3. Lateral extensions. Any lateral extensions on piers shall be a "T" or "L" shape and must not exceed 20 feet in total width.
- G. Regulation of Lighting No changes to this section.
- H. Accessory Construction

A pier may include only the following accessory construction:

- 1. Fuel or sewage handling equipment if applicable state and local safety and pollution prevention rules are complied with and necessary State and/or County permits are obtained.
- 2. A single bench that is Up to two (2) benches that are 6 feet or less in length or two (2) swivel seats, or one bench 6 feet or less and one swivel seat.
- 3. Flag pole.
- 4. A vertical boarding ladder required for safety or near vertical water stairs with handrails not to exceed four (4) feet in width.
- 5. An open railing may be permitted upon the application for and issuance of a CUP for which the applicant demonstrates a need because of the handicap of a frequent user. pursuant to Section 9.19 Relaxation of Standards for Persons with Disabilities.
- 6. Bumpers to protect watercraft and pier from damage.
- I. Pier Construction Materials

Piers may be constructed of wood, treated wood, metal or other material, subject to the following:

- 1. They shall be free of any product residue or pollutants.
- 2. Metallic flotation devices shall be coated or painted to prevent corrosion.
- 3. They shall not include any container previously used to store hazardous substances as defined in sec. 144.01, Wis. Stats
- 4. They shall not include material that may readily fragment or break up, such as unprotected polystyrene or polyurethane floats.
- 5. Flotation devices shall be securely attached to the frame and maintained in serviceable condition at all times.
- 6. Safety reflectors shall be required on three sides of the waterward end of piers. Safety reflectors are also required on both sides of piers at minimum increments of 25 feet. Reflectors shall be white, amber or blue and shall be no more than five (5) inches square in size.
- J. Marina Permit Guidelines No changes to this section.
- K. Marina Facilities No changes to this section.
- L. Marina Facility Requirements No changes to this section.

M. Boathouses

Any permitted boathouse shall be confined to the viewing area, <u>shall be at least 10 feet</u> from the side yard lot line and subject to the provisions of section 9.94(A)(2)(d).

9.94 (A)(2)(d). Boathouse. A riparian owner may construct a boathouse subject to the following restrictions:

- (1) One boathouse is permitted in the first 100 feet of shoreline. In any additional increment of 100 feet of shoreline, a boathouse may be permitted only upon the issuance of a conditional use permit.
- (2) The construction of a boathouse is confined to the viewing area.
- (3) <u>A boathouse shall be at least 10 feet from the side yard lot line</u>.
- (4) No part of any boathouse shall extend into the lake or stream beyond the OHWM.
- (5) Any boathouse which may be permitted within the setback area shall be of one story only.
- (6) A boathouse shall not exceed a total height of twelve (12) feet.
- (7) A boathouse shall not be constructed on slopes 20% or greater.
- (8) The maximum width of a boathouse parallel to the OHWM shall not exceed 20 feet. The overhang and eaves shall not exceed two feet. The maximum length of a boathouse landward and away from the OHWM shall not exceed 36 feet.
- (9) A boathouse shall have a pitched roof with a minimum pitch of 2.3 to 12.
- (10) Decks, platforms, & other construction not essential for berthing of boats is prohibited.
- (11)A boathouse shall contain no plumbing.
- (12)A boathouse shall contain no living facilities.
- (13)A boathouse cannot be constructed if the riparian landowner has a permanent boat shelter.
- (14)The number of berths within a boathouse shall be subject to the provisions of section 9.98(D).
- (15) A boathouse cannot be constructed if the riparian landowner has an existing "wet" boathouse extending over a navigable waterway.
- 4. Line item transfers, purchase orders, and bills.
- 5. Refunds.
- 6. Approve future meeting dates: July 22, 2015 and August 5, 2015
- 7. Public comments.
- 8. Future agenda items.
- 9. Adjourn.

NOTICE OF POSTING

TIME: 2:00 PM ~ DATE: JULY 9, 2015 ~ PLACE: COURTHOUSE BULLETIN BOARD

SCOTT HOLEWINSKI, COMMITTEE CHAIRMAN

Notice posted by the Planning & Zoning Department. Additional information on a specific agenda item may be obtained by contacting the person who posted this notice at 715-369-6130.

NEWS MEDIA NOTIFIED VIA E-MAIL:				
Northwoods River News	Date:	July 9, 2015	Time:	Approx. 2:30 p.m.
Lakeland Times	Date:	66	Time:	"
Buyer's Guide/Our Town	Date:	66	Time:	**
WXPR Public Radio	Date:	66	Time:	**
WERL/WRJO Radio	Date:	**	Time:	**
NEWS MEDIA NOTIFIED VIA FAX:				
WHDG Radio Station	Date:	July 9, 2015	Time:	Approx. 2:30 p.m.
WJFW-TV 12	Date:	**	Time:	"
Vilas County News	Date:	**	Time:	**
Tomahawk Leader	Date:	66	Time:	**
WLSL	Date:	"	Time:	"

Notice is hereby further given that pursuant to the Americans with Disabilities Act reasonable accommodations will be provided for qualified individuals with disabilities upon request. Please call Mary Bartelt at 715-369-6144 with specific information on your request allowing adequate time to respond to your request. ***** *******

See reverse side of this notice for compliance checklist with the Wisconsin Open Meeting Law.

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS:

- 1. Must be held in a location which is reasonably accessible to the public.
- 2. Must be open to all members of the public unless the law specifically provides otherwise.

NOTICE REQUIREMENTS:

- 1. In addition to any requirements set forth below, notice must also be in compliance with any other specific statute.
- 2. Chief presiding officer or his/her designee must give notice to the official newspaper and to any members of the news media likely to give notice to the public.

MANNER OF NOTICE:

Date, time, place and subject matter, including subject matter to be considered in a closed session, must be provided in a manner and form reasonably likely to apprise members of the public and news media.

TIME FOR NOTICE:

- 1. Normally, a minimum of 24 hours prior to the commencement of the meeting.
- 2. No less than 2 hours prior to the meeting if the presiding officer establishes there is good cause that such notice is impossible or impractical.
- 3. Separate notice for each meeting of the governmental body must be given.

EXEMPTIONS FOR COMMITTEES & SUBUNITS

Legally constituted sub-units of a parent governmental body may conduct a meeting during the recess or immediately after the lawful setting to act or deliberate upon the subject which was the subject of the meeting, provided the presiding officer publicly announces the time, place and subject matter of the sub-unit meeting in advance of the meeting of the parent governmental body.

PROCEDURE FOR GOING INTO CLOSED SESSION:

- 1. Motion must be made, seconded and carried by roll call majority vote and recorded in the minutes.
- 2. If motion is carried, chief presiding officer must advise those attending the meeting of the nature of the business to be conducted in the closed session, and the specific statutory exemption under which the closed session is authorized.

SYNOPSIS OF STATUTORY EXEMPTIONS UNDER WHICH CLOSED SESSIONS ARE PERMITTED:

- 1. Concerning a case which was the subject of Judicial or quasi- judicial trial before this governmental body Sec. 19.85(1) (a)
- Considering dismissal, demotion 2. or discipline of any public employee or the investigation of charges against such person and the taking of formal action on any such matter; provided that the person is given actual notice of any evidentiary hearing which may be held prior to final action being taken and of any meeting at which final action is taken. The person under consideration must be advised of his/her right that the evidentiary hearing be held in open session and the notice of the meeting must state the same. Sec. 19.85(1)(b).
- 3. Considering employment, promotion, compensation or performance evaluation data of any public employee over which this body has jurisdiction or responsibility. Sec. 19.85(1)(c).
- 4. Considering strategy for crime detection or prevention. Sec. 19.85(1)(d).
- 5. Deliberating or negotiating the purchase of public properties, the investing of public funds, or conducting other specified public business whenever competitive or bargaining reasons require a closed session. Sec. 19.85(1)(e).
- 6. Considering financial, medical, social or personal histories or disciplinary data of specific person, preliminary consideration of specific personnel problems or the investigation of specific charges, which, if discussed in public, would likely have a substantial adverse effect on the reputation of the person referred to in such data. Sec. 19.85(1)(f), except where paragraph 2 applies.
- 7. Conferring with legal counsel concerning strategy to be adopted by the governmental body with respect to litigation in which it is or is likely to become involved. Sec. 19.85(1)(g).
- 8. Considering a request for advice from any applicable ethics board. Sec. 19.85(1)(h).

PLEASE REFER TO CURRENT STATUTE SECTION 19.85 FOR FULL TEXT CLOSED SESSION RESTRICTIONS:

- 1. Must convene in open session before going into closed session.
- 2. May not convene in open session, then convene in closed session and thereafter reconvene in open session within twelve hours <u>unless</u> proper notice of this sequence was given at the same time and in the same manner as the original open meeting.

- 3. Final approval or ratification of a collective bargaining agreement may not be given in closed session.
- 4. No business may be taken up at any closed session except that which relates to matters contained in the chief presiding officer's announcement of the closed session.
- 5. In order for a meeting to be closed under Section 19.85(1)(f) at least one committee member would have to have actual knowledge of information which he or she reasonably believes would be likely to have a substantial adverse effect upon the reputation involved and there must be a probability that such information would be divulged. Thereafter, only that portion of the meeting where such information would be discussed can be closed. The balance of that agenda item must be held in open session.

BALLOTS, VOTES AND RECORDS:

- 1. Secret ballot is not permitted except for the election of officers of the body or unless otherwise permitted by specific statutes.
- 2. Except as permitted above, any member may require that the vote of each member be ascertained and recorded.
- 3. Motions and roll call votes must be preserved in the record and be available for public inspection.

USE OF RECORDING EQUIPMENT:

The meeting may be recorded, filmed, or photographed, provided that it does not interfere with the conduct of the meeting or the rights of the participants.

LEGAL INTERPRETATION:

- 1. The Wisconsin Attorney General will give advice concerning the applicability or clarification of the Open Meeting Law upon request.
- 2. The municipal attorney will give advice concerning the applicability or clarification of the Open Meeting Law upon request.

PENALTY:

Upon conviction, any member of a governmental body who knowingly attends a meeting held in violation of Subchapter IV, Chapter 19, Wisconsin Statutes, or who otherwise violates the said law shall be subject to forfeiture of not less than \$25.00 nor more than \$300.00 for each violation. Prepared by Oneida County Corporation Counsel Office - 5/16/96